



What is an Internet Exchange Point

An Internet Exchange Point (IXP) is an open neutral interconnect where network operators can interconnect for the purpose of exchanging traffic.

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Definitions

Open means that the physical infrastructure provided for interconnecting networks is open to any and all network operator to participate in, as they wish. Each network operator is responsible for providing their own connectivity to the public interconnect location.

Neutral means that the physical infrastructure provided for interconnecting networks is not owned or operated by any network operator who'd participate in the IXP. It is important that each member of the IXP has equal opportunity to participate and there is no perception of advantage for any one member.

IXPs are typically hosted in or by data centre or data housing organisations or other entities such as Universities who operate 24×7 data centre facilities.

Participation

Any network operator can participate in an Internet Exchange Point.

The only requirements are:

1. they have their own public IP address space
2. they have their own public AS number
3. they have their own transit arrangements

IXPs are not limited to just commercial Internet Service Providers. Research & Education network operators, enterprises, content providers, gTLD and ccTLD operators, content distribution networks, broadcasters, etc all participate in IXPs. The only requirements are the Internet resources mentioned above.

Location

IXPs are located where it is most convenient for the largest number of network operators to access and participate at the most optimum cost to the network operators. (Bearing in mind that peering is designed to minimise the cost of operation for network operators.)

Ideal locations for public interconnects include datacentres and/or locations of concentrations of fibre provided by several infrastructure operators. These locations all have good physical and network access, 24 hour coverage, independent power grid supplies with on-site backup, sufficient cooling, and are well protected from natural disasters (earthquake, tsunami, wildfire, floods, volcanoes, cyclones).

Given the large concentration of network operators present, these public interconnects are often considered critical infrastructure, and their reliable operation is often considered of national importance.

Physical Infrastructure

The interconnect medium of the IXP itself is *just* an ethernet switch.

The basic ethernet switch used for most new IXPs today tends to be a 24 port or 48 port fibre switch supporting dual personality 1G or 10G ports. The port's behaviour is determined by the Small Form-factor Pluggable Transceiver (SFP) installed in the port.

The simplest IXPs have little more than an ethernet switch to support interconnections by the participants.

The world's largest IXPs operate multiple switches over multiple locations in the metro area, and provide services and facilities for the benefit of all the members.

Administrative Structures

There are a few different ways that IXPs are set up and operated:

- [Member organisation](#)
- Operated by a data centre or data housing facility
- Commercial entity operated for customers

Member Organisation

This is the simplest form of IXP where all the members contribute a small fee towards the annual operating cost of the IXP. Each member has a stake in the IXP, each member has a say in how the IXP operates.

There are several ways these IXPs operate, depending on the funding models chosen. Some have sufficient funds to hire full time staff to operate the switch fabric and services supporting the exchange. Others outsource the operation to a third party on contract. Others simply have each member take turns at running the basic fabric.

Datacentre Hosted

This form of IXP is common for many data centre operators around the world. The IXP is provided for the customers of the data centre, and all customers can potentially benefit from interconnecting their networks for settlement free peering.

The IXP in this case is operated entirely by the data centre for the participants. The participants have no say in how the IXP operates. However the data centre is very focused on customer requirements which ensures the IXP operates for customer benefit.

Fees to connect depend entirely on how the data centre operator wishes to operate the facility - quite often there is no fee as the presence of the IXP is value for the data centre operator itself. Sometimes there are port charges as the various ethernet switches used tend to be more pricey the bigger the interfaces needed by the members.

Commercial

Very similar to the datacentre hosted IXP, but rather than operated by the data centre, they are operated by a commercial entity on behalf of the members.

The IXP in this case is operated entirely commercial operator for its customers. The participants/customers have no say in how the IXP operates. However the commercial operator is very focused on customer requirements (and potential competition) which ensures the IXP operates for customer benefit.

Fees to connect depend entirely on how the commercial operator wishes to operate the facility. Usually there are port charges as the various ethernet switches used tend to be more pricey the bigger the interfaces needed by the members.

Agreements

Operators who participate at an IXP usually will sign an agreement with the IXP itself. This agreement usually contains information such as:

- contact details of the Peering Coordinator (the administrative contact) at the operator
- contact details of the Network Operations Centre at the operator (not customer helpdesk!) and the IXP
- escalation process in case of faults on the interconnect
- rules/behaviour at the IXP
- how to use IXP infrastructure to aid with setting up connections with other operators
- any other relevant information relating to the connection at the IXP to ensure its continuous and reliable operation

Not all IXPs require such an agreement although it is recommended simply so there is a documentation trail and that the operator knows what to do if any issues need to be resolved.

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