

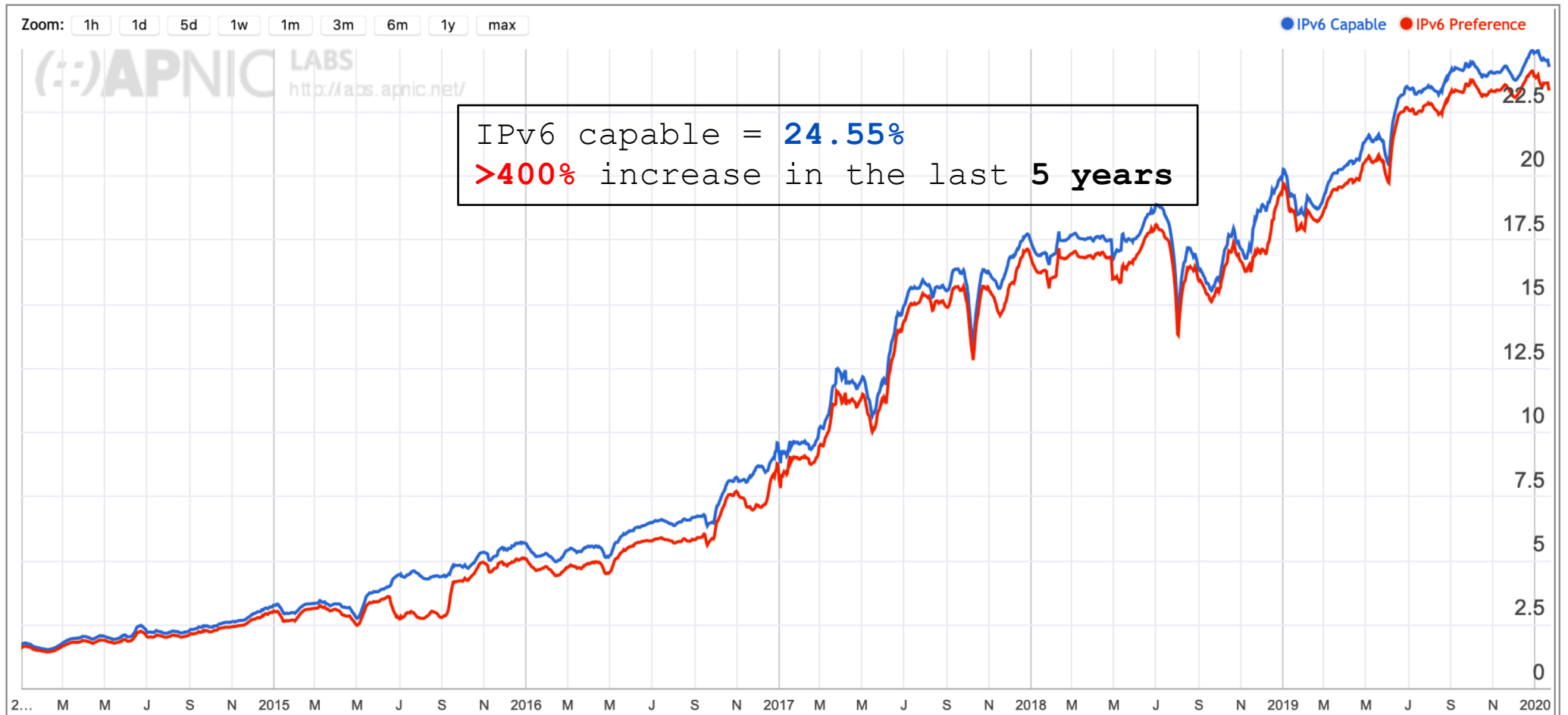
IPv6 Deployment Update (Where are we now?)

22nd January 2020

IPv6 Measurement

- Uses scripted online advertisement
 - Over **12M** measurements/day!!
- The ad-script fetches three URLs
 - IPv6 only URL, Dual-stack URL, IPv4 only URL
- If the device can fetch:
 - IPv6 URLs (*native/dual-stack*) over IPv6, deemed *IPv6 capable*
 - dual-stack URL over IPv6, deemed to *prefer IPv6*
 - RFC8305 (Happy Eyeballs) bias?

IPv6 end user Readiness



<https://stats.labs.apnic.net/ipv6/>

IPv6 Table – World

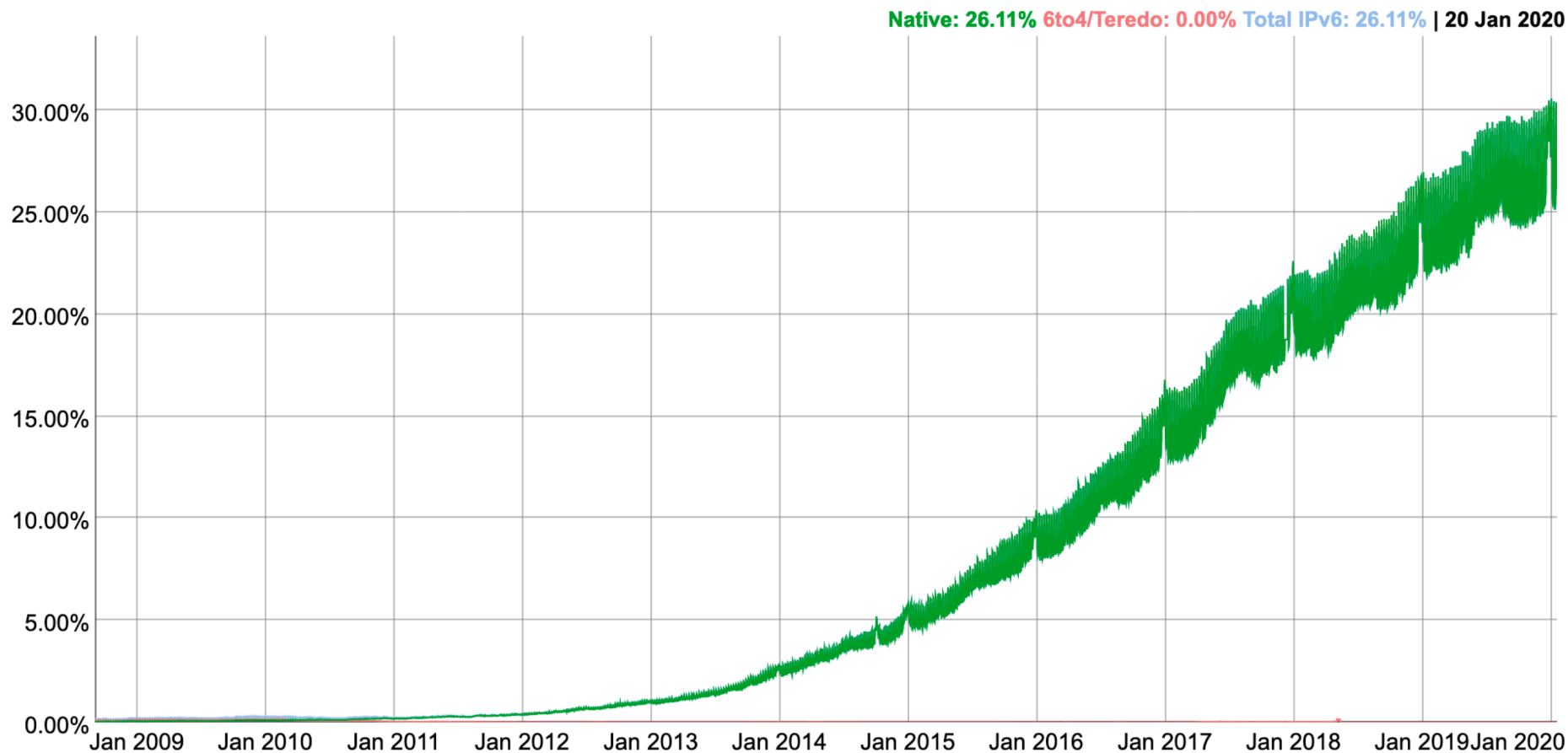
Economy	IPv6 capable (%)	Economy	IPv6 capable (%)	Economy	IPv6 capable (%)
Mayotte	64.88	Japan	35.87	Canada	28.64
India	64.52	French Guiana	35.44	Aland Islands	26.10
Belgium	58.73	Luxembourg	35.05	Hungary	25.07
United States	56.19	Finland	33.92	Estonia	24.91
Malaysia	45.42	Uruguay	33.30	UAE	24.49
Greece	45.38	UK	32.61	Australia	24.30
Germany	44.24	Portugal	31.68	New Zealand	23.89
Taiwan	44.48	Brazil	31.31	Sri Lanka	23.83
Vietnam	39.23	Saint Barthelemy	30.83	Trinidad&Tobago	22.95
Saint Martin	38.72	Mexico	30.69	Netherlands	22.84
France	37.54	Thailand	29.47	Guadeloupe	22.83
Switzerland	36.54	Norway	26.99	Reunion	21.80

<https://stats.labs.apnic.net/ipv6/> (22 Jan 2020)

IPv6 in Action - Google

IPv6 Adoption

We are continuously measuring the availability of IPv6 connectivity among Google users. The graph shows the percentage of users that access Google over IPv6.



<https://www.google.com/intl/en/ipv6/statistics.html>

IPv6 in Action - Facebook

Overview

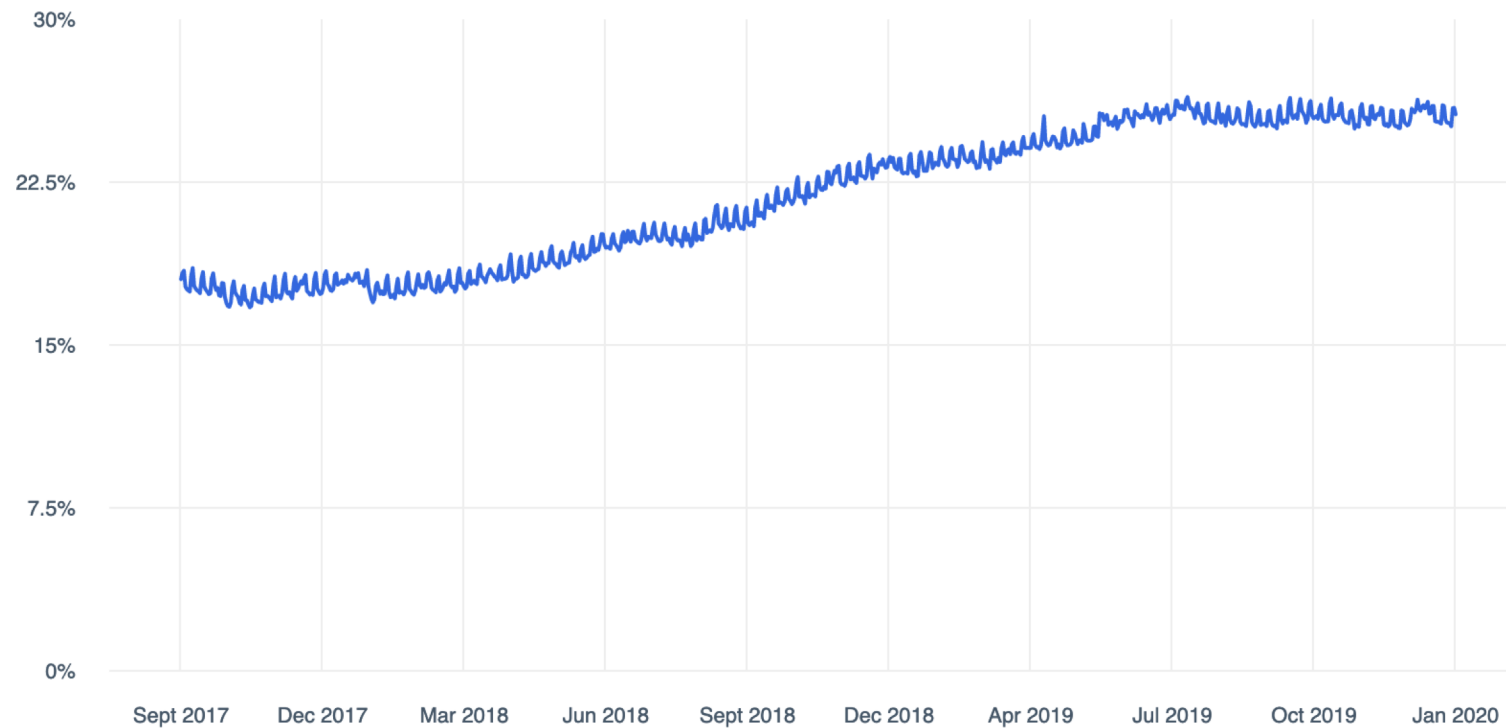
Adoption By Country

Total IPv6 Adoption

IPV6 ADOPTION

Export All ▼

- Adoption - Weekly Growth - Monthly Growth



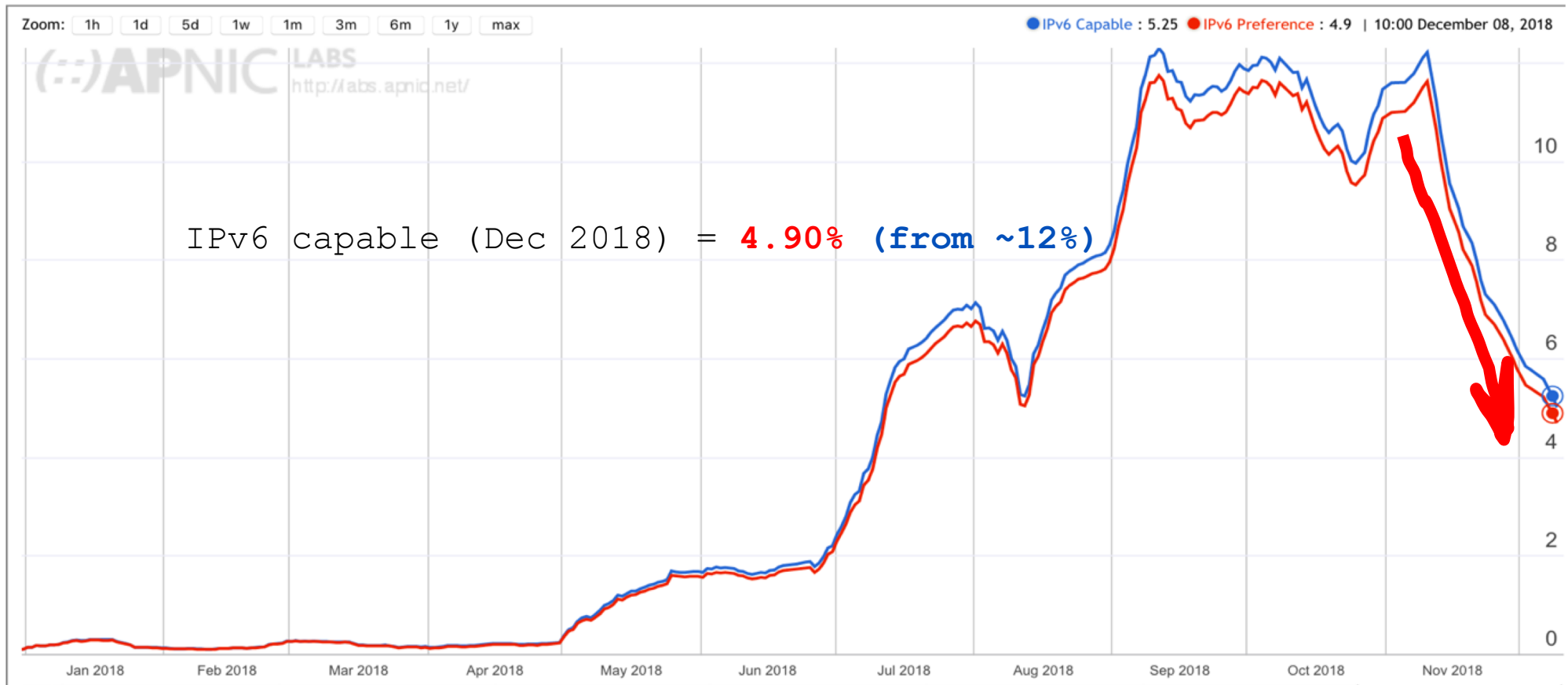
What about Asia-Pacific?

Economy	IPv6 capable (%)
India	64.52
Malaysia	45.42
Taiwan	44.08
Vietnam	39.23
Japan	35.87
Thailand	29.47
Australia	24.30
New Zealand	23.89
Sri Lanka	23.83
China	15.59
South Korea	15.25
Singapore	13.72
Macao	11.59

South Asia Focus

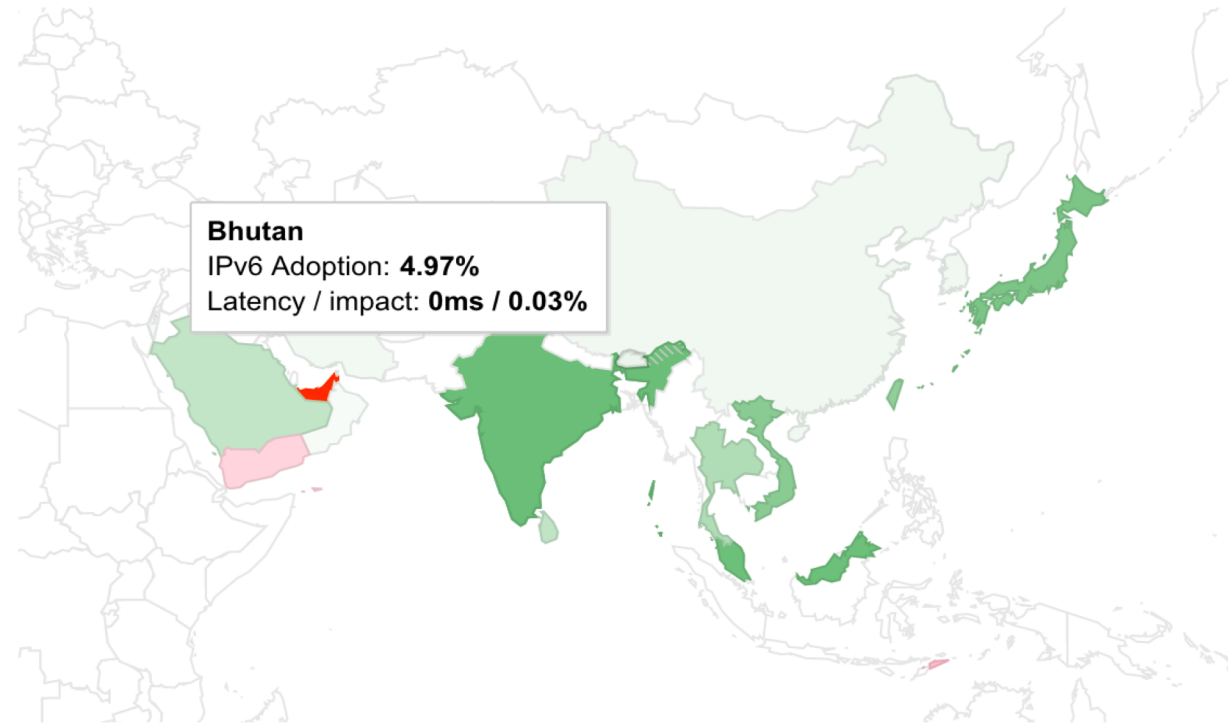
Economy	IPv6 capable (%)
India	64.52
Sri Lanka	23.83
Bhutan	8.64
Nepal	6.13
Maldives	3.39
Afghanistan	0.36
Bangladesh	0.05
Pakistan	0.04

Something interesting - BT



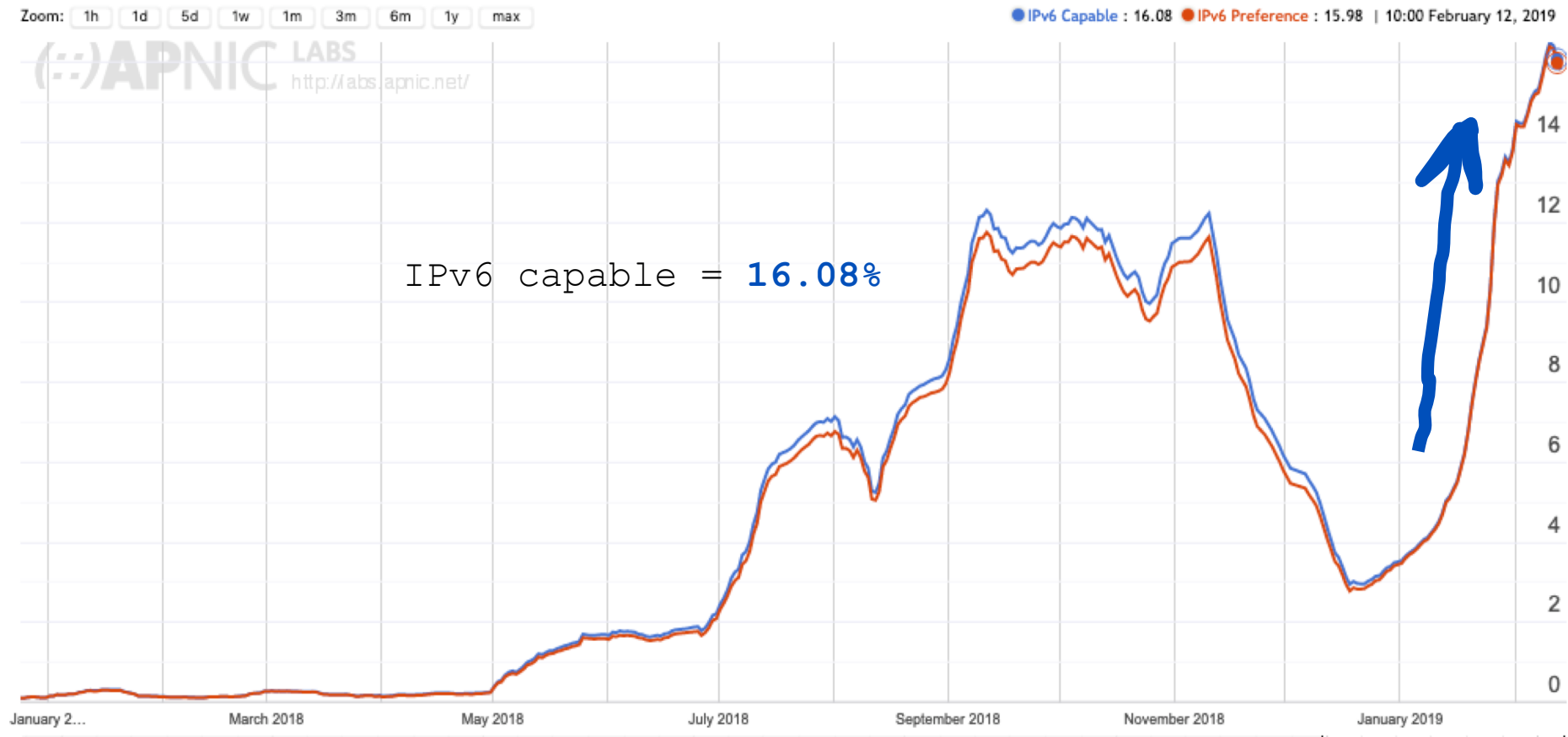
Google's view - BT

Per-Country IPv6 adoption

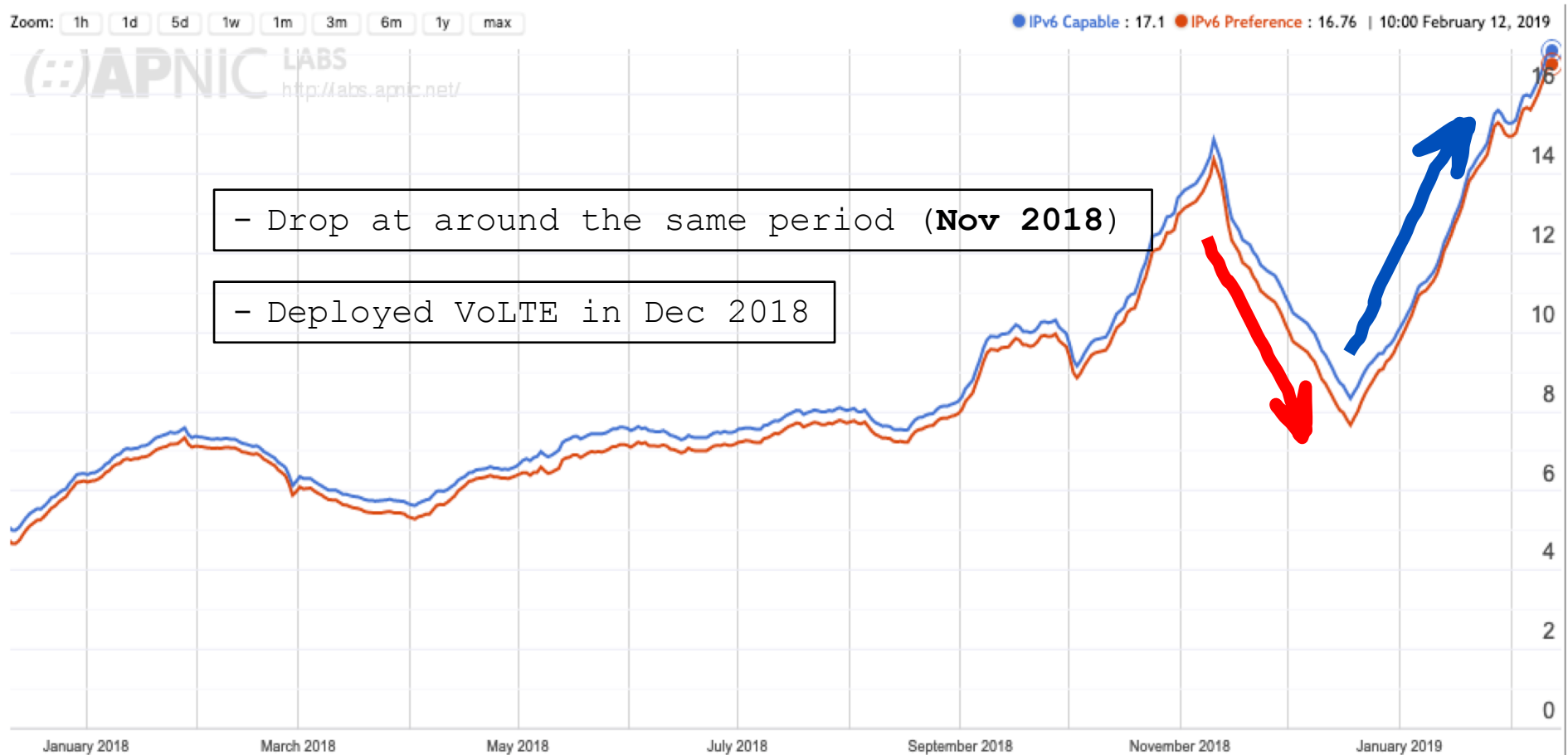


<https://www.google.com/intl/en/ipv6/statistics.html#tab=per-country-ipv6-adoption>

After the fix - BT



Coincidence - LK?



IPv6 - Who is in control?

- The true driver for IPv6 adoption - Mobile Internet!
- However, born and raised on NAT!
 - Still heavily based on CG-NAT

IPv6 in Action: Mobile Networks

Carrier	Economy	Deployment
Verizon Wireless	USA	Dual-stack (2011)
T-Mobile	USA	464XLAT (2012)
Telekom Malaysia	Malaysia	Dual-stack (2013)
SK Telecom	Korea	464XLAT (2014)
Telstra	Australia	464XLAT (2016)
Reliance Jio	India	Dual-stack (2016)
Dialog Axiata	Sri Lanka	Dual-stack (2016)
AIS	Thailand	Dual-stack (2017)
Bhutan Telecom	Bhutan	Dual-stack (2018)
Chungwa Telecom	Taiwan	Dual-stack (2018)

Dual-stack preference?



Our migration strategy was to allow existing users to make graceful switch to IPv6...



Users did not experience any issues, as they could still access the Internet via IPv4..



To help customers migrate from IPv4 to IPv6 in a seamless manner...



You need to consider redundancy/fallback, and ease of network maintenance....

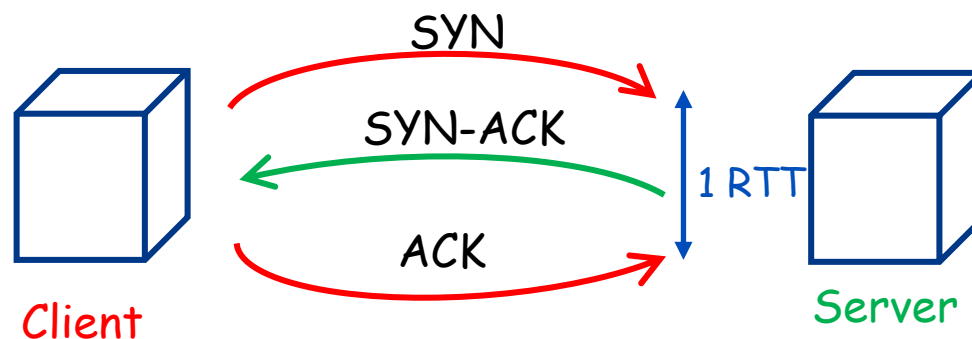
IPv6 - Mobile Devices

- 464XLAT:
 - Android (4.3 - Jelly Bean)
 - Windows Phone (8.1+)
- IPv6-only:
 - iOS
 - since iOS 9 (*supported on WiFi for a long time*)
 - since June 2016, apps in App Store must support IPv6
<https://developer.apple.com/support/ipv6/>
- DHCPv6:
 - Windows
 - iOS
- Dual-stack:
 - KaiOS
 - Jio/Nokia 8110 feature handsets
 - iOS
 - reports for dual-stack since 11.3 (through carrier update)



IPv6 Performance - Analysis

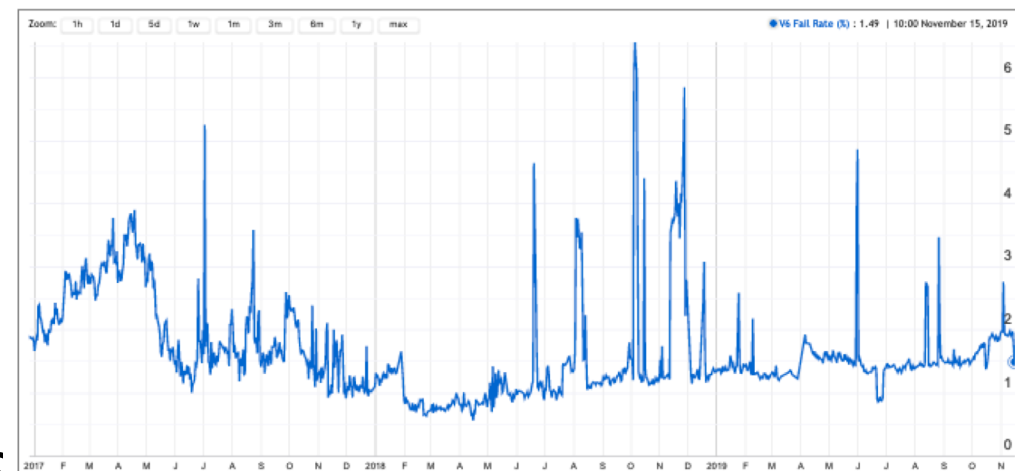
- We look at TCP (3-way) handshake
 - A received SYN with no subsequent ACK is interpreted as a **failed** connection attempt
 - The time between the receipt of the SYN and the subsequent ACK at the server is interpreted as the **RTT** (*not implicit RTT*)



IPv6 Performance

- Is IPv6 as **reliable (robust)** as IPv4?
 - Do all TCP connection attempts succeed?
 - Failure ~ no ACK for a received SYN
- Global IPv6 failure rate
1.4% ☹
 - End point filters/firewalls?
 - Not allowing inbound IPv6? or
 - ICMPv6 (PTB) filtered? PMTUD failure?
 - End points on unreachable IPv6 address?

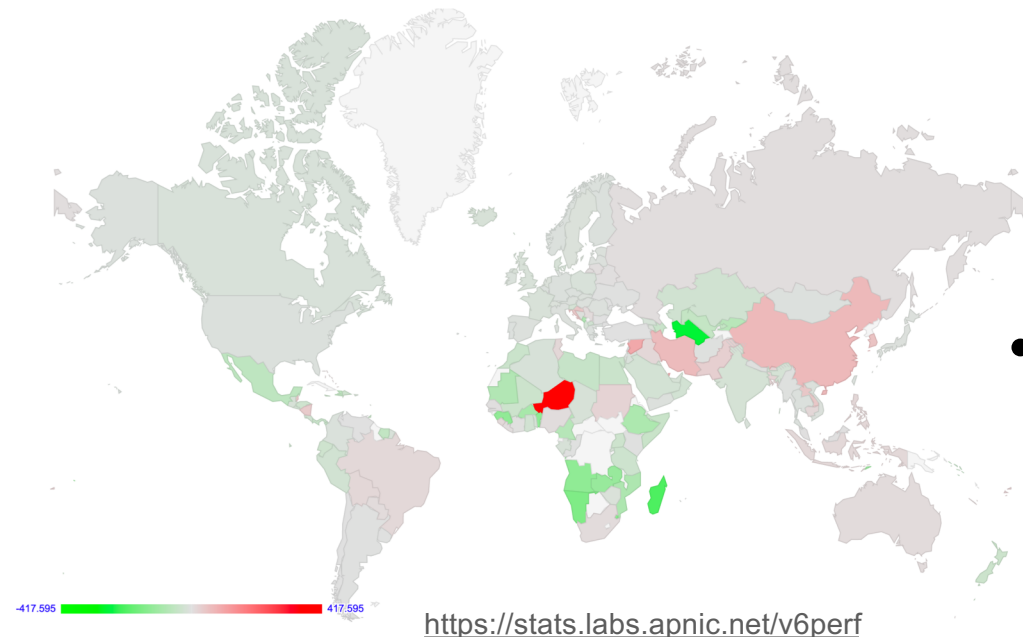
Average V6 Connection Failure Rate for World (XA)



IPv6 Performance

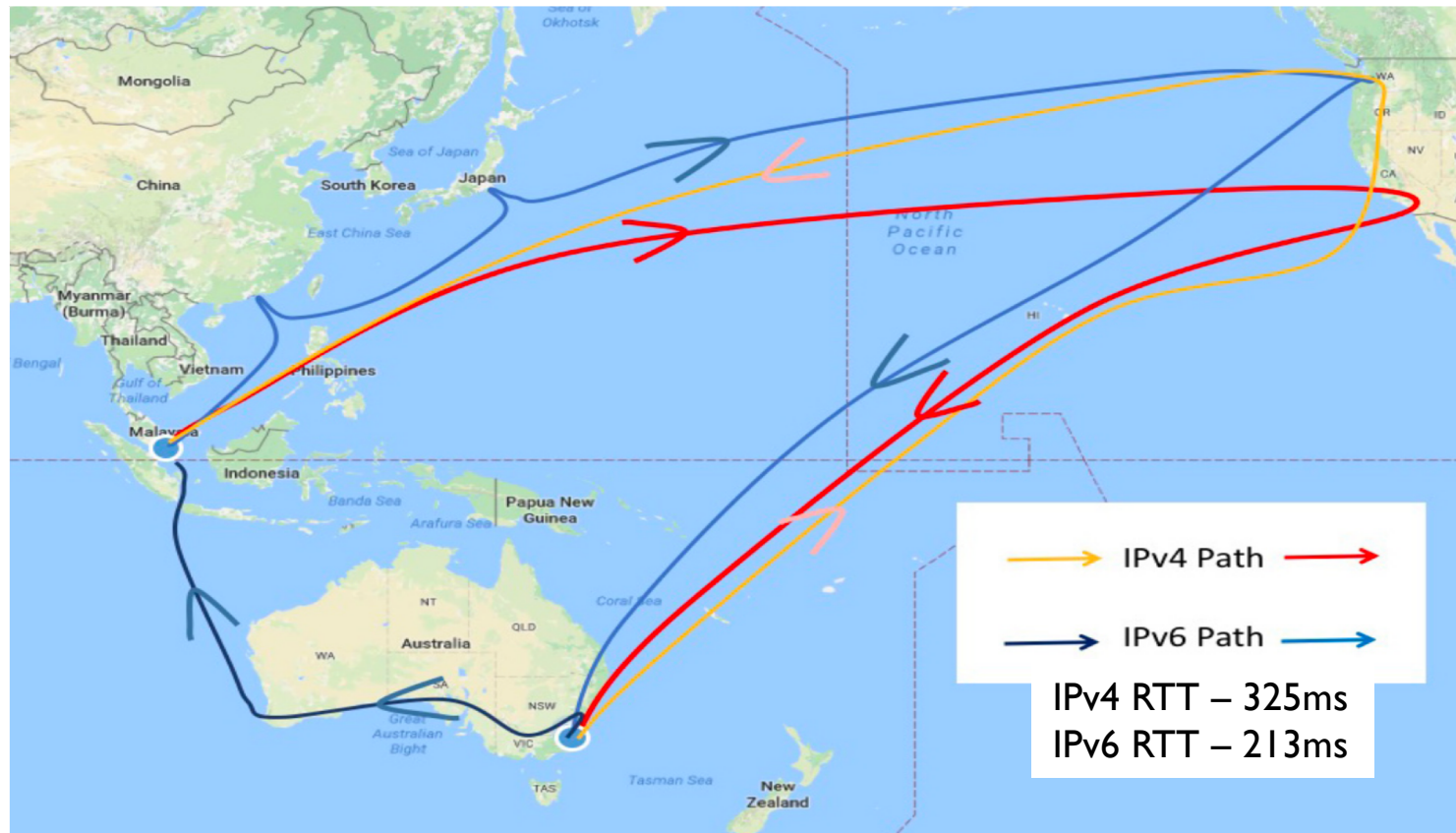
- Is IPv6 as **fast** as IPv4?
 - Comparison of RTT
 - time since SYN and subsequent ACK

V6/V4 RTT Comparison by country (ms)



- IPv6 appears faster
 - Africa, Europe, and the Americas
 - **CG-NAT/NAT boxes?**
- IPv4 seems faster
 - Asia & Oceania
 - **Different routing paths for IPv4 and IPv6?**

IPv6 Performance & Routing Path



<https://labs.apnic.net/?p=850>

IPv6 Performance & Routing Path

```
tashi-2.local (0.0.0.0) Fri Nov 22 17:45:39 2019
Keys: Help Display mode Restart statistics Order of fields quit
```

Host	Packets		Pings					StDev
	Loss%	Snt	Last	Avg	Best	Wrst		
1. 192.168.0.1	72.2%	19	2.0	1.6	1.4	2.0	0.0	
2. niccrswa-vlan66.nic.ad.jp	61.1%	19	4.2	3.9	2.0	6.1	1.4	
3. nicfwc-vlan7.nic.ad.jp	72.2%	18	3.2	3.4	2.1	4.6	0.7	
4. dixcrswe-vlan6.nic.ad.jp	58.8%	18	3.1	10.5	2.8	42.3	14.2	
5. dix-ieee.nic.ad.jp	72.2%	18	2.9	2.7	2.3	3.0	0.0	
6. as2518-2.ix.jpix.ad.jp	76.5%	18	3.1	2.9	2.7	3.1	0.0	
7. 133.208.191.144	70.6%	18	3.4	4.5	3.1	9.3	2.7	
8. vocus1-10g.hkix.net	66.7%	18	57.1	56.8	56.6	57.1	0.0	
9. Te-0-1-0-2-1.cor02.syd04.nsw.VOCUS.net	64.7%	18	230.4	233.2	230.0	248.0	7.2	
10. BE-1.cor01.syd11.nsw.VOCUS.net.au	52.9%	18	232.8	233.0	232.8	233.7	0.0	
11. ???								
12. ???								
13. ???								
14. ten-1-2-0.bdr01.bne03.qld.VOCUS.net.au	58.8%	18	210.0	210.2	209.8	210.7	0.0	
15. asn131107.bdr01.bne03.qld.vocus.net.au	70.6%	18	210.7	210.6	210.4	210.8	0.0	
16. 202.125.96.226	77.8%	18	210.8	210.7	210.2	211.0	0.0	
17. wiki.apnictraining.net	82.4%	18	232.7	232.9	232.7	233.2	0.0	

IPv4

```
tashi-2.local (::)                               Fri Nov 22 17:45:39 2019
Keys:  Help   Display mode   Restart statistics   Order of fields   quit


```

Host	Packets			Pings				StDev
	Loss%	Snt	Last	Avg	Best	Wrst		
1. guest.nic.ad.jp	56.2%	17	1.4	1.5	1.1	2.1	0.0	
2. 2001:dc2:1000:4fff::1	68.8%	17	2.8	2.9	2.1	4.6	0.7	
3. 2001:dc2:1000:4001::1	64.7%	17	4.4	6.2	2.5	16.2	5.0	
4. dix-ied.nic.ad.jp	68.8%	17	3.4	3.2	2.8	3.4	0.0	
5. 2001:dc2:1000::4	58.8%	17	3.2	4.8	2.9	14.8	4.4	
6. gigabitethernet2-8.core1.tyo1.he.net	75.0%	17	3.2	4.1	3.0	6.7	1.6	
7. 100ge10-2.core1.hkg1.he.net	75.0%	17	59.1	53.6	51.3	59.1	3.7	
8. vocus.gigabitethernet4-9.core1.hkg1.he	70.6%	17	53.0	53.2	53.0	53.4	0.0	
9. Te-0-0-0-2-8.cor01.syd11.nsw.VOCUS.net	81.2%	17	182.4	182.4	182.0	182.7	0.0	
10. BE-1.cor02.syd04.nsw.VOCUS.net.au	58.8%	17	182.4	182.4	181.9	182.6	0.0	
11. ???								
12. ???								
13. cor01.bne03.qld.vocus.net.au	50.0%	17	182.2	182.8	181.9	186.1	1.3	
14. 2402:7800:10:2::151	56.2%	16	182.4	194.8	182.0	204.7	11.9	
15. 2402:7800:10:2::152	56.2%	16	204.3	204.4	203.9	204.9	0.0	
16. 2001:df2:ee00:1::2	53.3%	16	182.3	182.5	182.0	183.0	0.0	
17. wiki.apnictraining.net	60.0%	16	181.8	192.6	181.6	244.8	25.6	

IPv6

Where are we now?

- Global IPv6 end-user readiness ~ 24%
- IPv6 deployments on the rise (across diverse economy profiles)
 - 63% of network operators in Asia-Pacific have IPv6 resources
- Observed trend of dual-stack in recent deployments

"IPv6 has emerged from the 'Innovators' and 'Early Adoption' stages of deployment, and is now in the 'Early Majority phase'"

- ISOC State of IPv6 Deployment (2018)

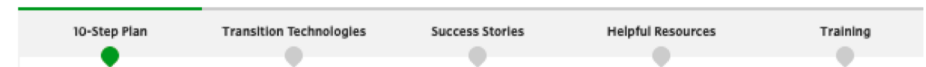
How can we help?

- Track, measure, report
 - End-user readiness,
 - Performance analysis
- Trainings
 - Direct country assistance (Gov)
 - Standalone workshops
 - NOGs
- Technical Assistance
 - Remote or F2F

Deploy IPv6



Deploying IPv6 can be a challenge but many organizations around the world have made the transition successfully. Here's some of the elements you'll need to consider for your organization's deployment of IPv6.



<https://www.apnic.net/community/ipv6>

THANK YOU