## APNIC46 IPv6 Workshop

## PART 3: DNS

- 1) Connect to ipv6-lab SSID / PWD lab-ipv6
- 2) Browse to http://192.168.3.1/files
- 3) Download ubuntu-apache-dns.ova
- 4) Enable routing in your host:
  - Windows: <u>https://www.wikihow.com/Enable-IP-Routing</u> Easier way method 3 (services.msc, enable/start routing and remote access)
  - Linux/Mac OS X sudo sysctl -w net.inet.ip.forwarding=1 sudo sysctl -w net.inet6.ip6.forwarding=1 Note: You may want to have all this in a shell script un case of rebooting the host
- 5) Import OVA, make sure to choose reinitialize the MAC addresses
- 6) You may need to change some hardware settings, such as selecting the interface card, enable/disable PAE/NX, USB, etc., all that depends on your own hardware. Even in rare cases changes in your BIOS. Typically, you will need admin access to your host
- 7) Network 1 should be your bridge/WiFi card
- 8) Boot VM, if something fails, read details and go to 6 ...
- Password usr/pwd -> root/root
- 10) Type startx (enter)
- 11) Click on "activities", type term, and click on it
- 12) Check if /etc/bind/named.conf.options contains listen-on-v6 { any; };

```
options {
    directory "/var/cache/bind/";
    listen-on-v6 { any; };
};
```

## 13) Let's create the domain test.org

14) /etc/bind/named.conf.local should contain the zone file:

```
zone "test.org" {
    type master;
    file "test.org";
};
```

```
15) Create the zone file at /var/cache/bind/test.org
   $TTL 86400
   @ IN SOA ns1.test.org. dnsadmin.test.org (
     2002071901; serial
     28800 ; refresh
     7200 ; retry
     604800 ; expire
     86400 ; ttk
     )
```

```
IN
       NS ns1.test.org.
```

| ns1  | IN | А    | x.x.x.x |
|------|----|------|---------|
|      | IN | AAAA | x::x    |
|      |    |      |         |
| web6 | IN | AAAA | x::x    |
| web4 | IN | А    | x.x.x.x |
| www  | IN | AAAA | x::x    |
|      | IN | А    | x.x.x.x |

16) Restart bind:

service bind9 restart service bind9 status

- 17) You can test the zone file: named-checkzone test.org /var/cache/bind/test.org
- 18) Further testing:

dig any web4.test.org @::1 dig any web6.test.org @::1 dig any www.test.org @::1

## PART 4: Apache

Edit /etc/apache2/sites-available/000-default.conf

 VirtualHost [x::x]:80>
 DocumentRoot /var/www/html/ipv6
 ServerName web6.test.org

<VirtualHost x.x.x.x80> DocumentRoot /var/www/html/ipv4 ServerName web4.test.org </VirtualHost>

<VirtualHost x.x.x.80 [x::x]:80> DocumentRoot /var/www/html/dual ServerName www.test.org </VirtualHost>

- Create the folders for our web sites cd /var/www/html mkdir ipv4 mkdir ipv6 mkdir dual
- 3) Edit a different index.html file inside each folder, example <html>
   <head>
   <title>IPv4 test page</title></head>
   <body>This is an IPv4 test page</body></html>
- 4) A special index.php can also be created (in this case the same in the 3 folders) <?php if(strpos(\$\_SERVER['REMOTE\_ADDR'],".")===false) { echo "<font color='#154983' size=2 face='verdana'>Esta usando IPv6 (".\$\_SERVER['REMOTE\_ADDR'].").</font><br><br><"; }else{ \$DIRv4=str\_replace("::ffff:","",\$REMOTE\_ADDR); echo "<font color='#FF0000' size=2 face='verdana'>Esta usando IPv4 (".\$\_SERVER['REMOTE\_ADDR'].").</font><br><br>{".\$\_SERVER['REMOTE\_ADDR'].").</font><br><br>
- 5) You can test with firefox, for both, index.html and index.php

6) If you change the DNS server of your windows host, to point to the VM, you can also test from there.